



Cambridge IGCSE™

SANSKRIT

0499/11

Paper 1 Language

May/June 2024

1 hour 30 minutes



You must answer on the answer booklet/paper.

You will need: Answer booklet/paper

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- If you have been given an answer booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on all the work you hand in.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- In Sanskrit passages, underlined words are glossed.
- At the end of the examination, fasten all your work together. Do **not** use staples, paper clips or glue.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Answer **all** questions.

1 Read the following Sanskrit passage. Do **not** write out a translation. Answer **all** the questions. Your answers should be in English, with Sanskrit names in transliteration.

A wise lion saves many creatures.

स्मिन् द्वेत्रे शशकः अवस्त् । तत्र वृद्धः आमीत् । स्मिन् द्वेत्रे शशकः वृद्धस्य अथः उपाविशत् । सः अचिन्तयत् अचिरेण लोकस्य 1
 अन्तः भविष्यति इति । तस्मिन् एव काले विशालम् फलम् वृद्धात् 2
 अपतत् । तम् शब्दम् श्रुत्वा शशकः भीतः । एषः लोकस्य अन्तः 3
 इति क्रुद्धा सः तस्मात् देशात् शीघ्रम् अधावत् । तत् श्रुत्वा अन्ये 4
 शशकः अपि द्वेत्रात् अधावन् । तत् दृष्ट्वा मृगाः भीताः अभवन् 5
 अधावन् च । तत् दृष्ट्वा बहवः जन्तवः अपि द्वेत्रात् समुद्रम् प्रति 6
 अधावन् । एकः प्राज्ञः सिंहः तु तत् सर्वम् दृष्ट्वा कृपायाः विरमत् 7
 इति अक्रोशत् । सर्वे जन्तवः व्यरमन् । सिंहः तान् अवदत् 9
 विशालम् फलम् वृद्धात् अपतत् इति । तत् श्रुत्वा सर्वे जन्तवः 10
संतुष्टाः अभवन् ॥ 11

(Traditional Story)

loka (m)
kruṣṭvā

world
 having cried out

kṛpā (f)
saṃtuṣṭa (mf)

compassion
 contented

(a) Where did the rabbit live? (line 1) [1]

(b) What thought did the rabbit have? (lines 2 and 3) [2]

(c) Translate ‘*viśālam phalam vṛkṣāt apatāt*’. (lines 3 and 4) [5]

(d) Having cried out what did the rabbit do? (line 5) [3]

(e) Translate ‘*tat drṣtvā mrgāḥ bhītāḥ abhavan adhāvan ca*’. (lines 6 and 7) [7]

(f) Towards what were many creatures going? (line 7) [1]

(g) What did the wise lion command the creatures to do? (line 8) [1]

(h) Write out in **sandhi** lines 9 to 11 ‘*simhah ... abhavan*’. [10]

[Total: 30]

2 Read the following Sanskrit passages. Answer **all** the questions. Your answers should be in English, with Sanskrit names in transliteration.

A clever wolf avoids being eaten in a cave.

कम्मिन् चित् अण्णे एकः व्याघ्रः अवस्त् । एकम्मिन् दिने सः
अन्नम् चिरम् अन्वैष्टत् । सः सर्वत्र अचरत् । तेन तु न कः
चित् जन्तुः दृष्टः । तस्मात् अचिरेण तस्य द्वृष्ट्या ।

(a) List the missing words (i)–(x) to complete the English translation of the passage above:

In some or other (i) lived a certain (ii) One (iii) he (iv)
searched after (v) He roamed (vi) But no creature was seen (vii)
(viii) he (ix) felt (x) [10]

(b) Translate into English the following sentences which continue the story above:

(i) तदा व्याघ्रः गुहाम् आगच्छत् ताम् प्राविशत् च । गन्धाम् कः
चित् जन्मः अत्र आगमिष्यति इति सः अचिन्तयत् । [5]

(ii) एवम् चिन्तयित्वा व्याघ्रः गुहायाम् उपाविशत् । एकः वृक्षः ताम् गुहाम् आगमय हे गुहे माम् प्रतिवद इति अक्रोशत् । [5]

guhā (f) cave

vrka (m) wolf

(c) Translate into English the following sentences which continue the story:

(i) यदा गुहा न प्रत्यवद्दत्तदा वृकोऽवदद्यतः प्रतिवचनं न श्रुतं
ततो गच्छामीति । [5]

(ii) व्याघ्रस्तत्सर्वं श्रुत्वाक्रोशदहमत्रास्मीति । व्याघ्रस्य शब्दं श्रुत्वा
वृको गुहाया अधावत् ॥ [5]

guhā (f)
vṛka (m)

cave
wolf

prativacana (n) reply

(adapted from the *Pañcatantra* of Viṣṇuśarman)

[Total: 30]

3 Translate the following sentences into Sanskrit using *devanāgarī* script. Sandhi should **not** be used.

One mark will be given for the correct word order in each sentence.

(a) Beautiful flowers fell from the sky. [5]

(b) The pure teacher will go to heaven. [5]

(c) Having heard the bird, the prince laughed. [5]

[Total: 15]

4 Read the following Sanskrit passage. Do **not** write out a translation. Answer **all** the questions. Your answers should be in English, with Sanskrit names in transliteration.

A wise rabbit confronts the king of the elephants.

यदा वृष्टिर्नासीतदा के चन गजा गजनृपमवदन्देवात्र सरसि जलं 1
 नास्ति । किं करिष्याम इति । तच्छ्रुत्वा गजनृपः सर्वत्रागच्छदन्ते 2
 जलपूर्णसरोऽलभत च । स तत्सरः सर्वान्नाजानदर्शयत् । तत्र ते 3
 गजा बहु जलमपिबन् । सरसस्तीरे तु शशका अवसन् । ते 4
 शशका गजपादैश्चुर्णिताः । तद्दृष्ट्वा प्राज्ञः शशकोऽचलस्पाग्रं गत्वा 5
 गजनृपमवददहं चन्द्रदृतः । त्वयाधर्मः कृत इति ॥ 6

(adapted from the *Hitopadeśa* of Nārāyaṇa)

<i>vr̥ṣṭi</i> (f)	rain	<i>cūrṇita</i> (mf)	crushed
<i>darśayati</i>	shows	<i>adharma</i> (m)	injustice

(a) When did the elephants speak to their king? (line 1) [1]

(b) Translate 'atra sarasi jalām nāsti'. (lines 1 and 2) [6]

(c) Where did the king of the elephants go? (line 2) [1]

(d) Where did the rabbits live? (line 4) [1]

(e) By what were the rabbits crushed? (line 5) [1]

(f) Where did the wise rabbit meet the king of the elephants? (line 5) [2]

(g) (i) Translate 'candra dūtah'. (line 6) [2]

 (ii) What type of compound is this? [1]

[Total: 15]

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